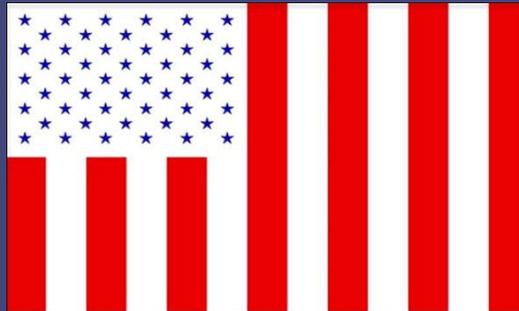


# WELCOME TO THE OKLAHOMA ASSEMBLY

Land & Soil Jurisdiction





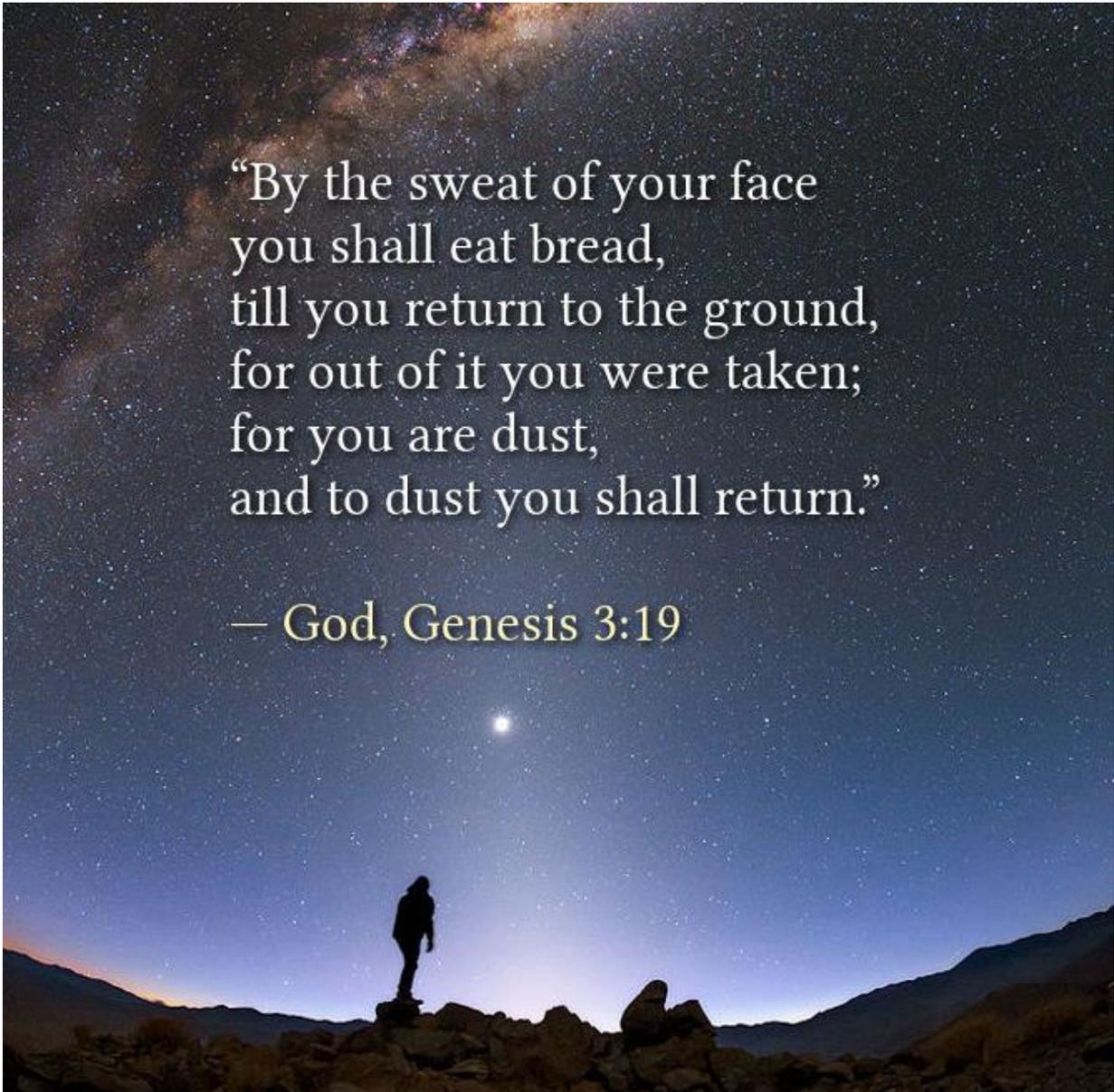
# Areas for Educational Focus

- History & what went wrong.
- What we need to do.
  - Some contextual understanding.
  - Assembly Structure.
  - State Nationals & State Citizens.
  - Paperwork
- How to protect yourself, during reconstruction.
  - Know the Sea Jurisdiction and how they play.
  - Learn how to operate as one of mankind and press a claim.



# Land & Soil Fundamental Concepts

Why is the land & soil so important?  
Mankind came from the land.



“By the sweat of your face  
you shall eat bread,  
till you return to the ground,  
for out of it you were taken;  
for you are dust,  
and to dust you shall return.”

— God, Genesis 3:19



# Land & Soil Fundamental Concepts

- Mankind came from the land.
- Only people – those of mankind – create law.
- Law is expressed. It is written down. On the public record of the land.
- “Where there is no law, legal is implied.” *Jon Little, TheSovereignsWay.com*
- Property rights are the highest right a man or woman can have.
- Private Property is anything or anyone which you believe belongs to you, to the exclusion of anyone else in society.
- Men and women express the law for their private property.



# Land & Soil Fundamental Concepts

“If you don’t know your rights, you don’t have any rights.”

“If you don’t own property, you probably are property.”



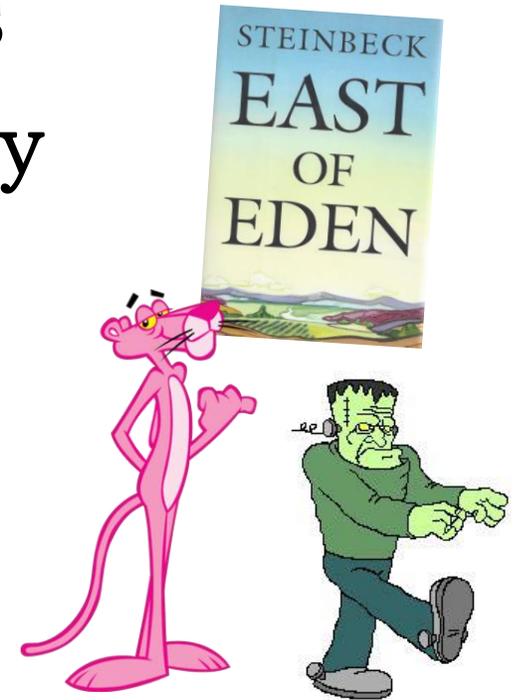
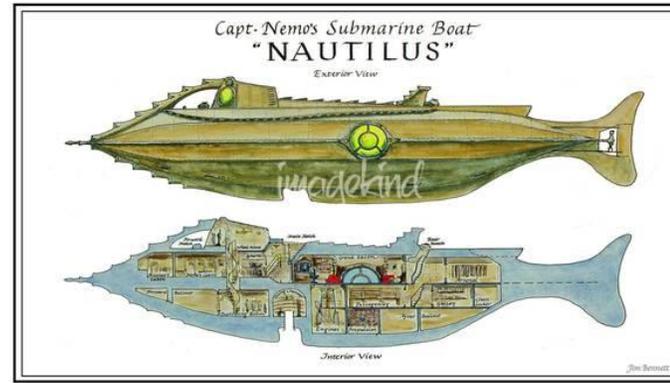
# Land & Soil Fundamental Concepts

- Legal fictions, persons, corporations, anything abstract that exists on paper or “in the mind only” cannot achieve parity with men and women.

## Parity

noun; Equality; similarity or close correspondence or equivalence as regards state, position, condition, quality, degree, etc.

# Never-never Land of Abstract Fictions which exist on paper or in the mind only



## International Sea Jurisdiction (commerce)

Corporations

Amazon

Legal Fictions

Legal Persons

Enfranchised  
Persons

US Persons

**US Citizens**

Citizens of US

Governors

Presidents

Titles

Officers

Doctors

Farmers

**Trusts/Estates**

Anything with a  
Dunn & Bradstreet  
number

**UNITED STATES,  
INC. # 052714196**

the State of  
Oklahoma #  
050411726



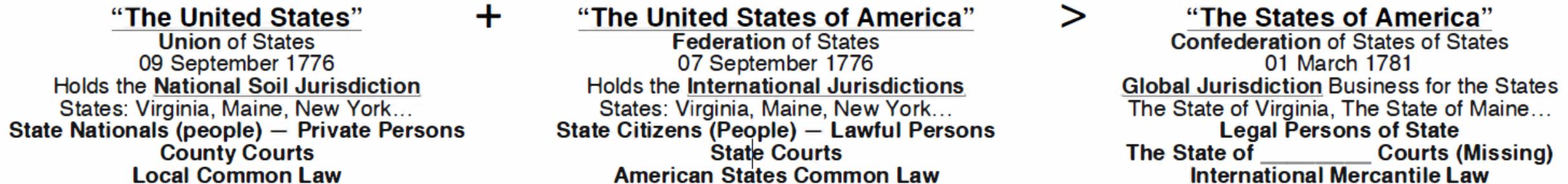
# Land & Soil Fundamental Concepts

- Mankind is comprised of men and women.
- On the Land & Soil jurisdiction, men and women exercise their right to self determination:
  - Choosing a political status or Lawful Person – State Nationals (soil) and State Citizens (Land).
- In the Sea jurisdiction, there are Legal Persons – US Citizens, Citizens of the United States, etc.
  - Most Americans did not choose these statuses of their own volition with full disclosure.
  - These statuses were implied, because Americans had not declared their status on the Land & soil.
  - “If the law is not expressed, legal is implied.”
- Contract law requires two parties to be in existence.
- A trust remains in effect for only 3 generations; if a beneficiary does not come forward in that time, the trust is forfeited.



\*\*\*\*\* **Our Actual Sovereign Government** \*\*\*\*\*  
**“The united States of America”**

Created by the agreement known as: “The Unanimous Declaration of Independence of the united States of America”, 04 July 1776.  
These “States” were the original geographically defined “estates” formed by the United Colonies.  
They are guaranteed a “republican form of government”. Together, they formed — a Union, a Federation, and a Confederation:





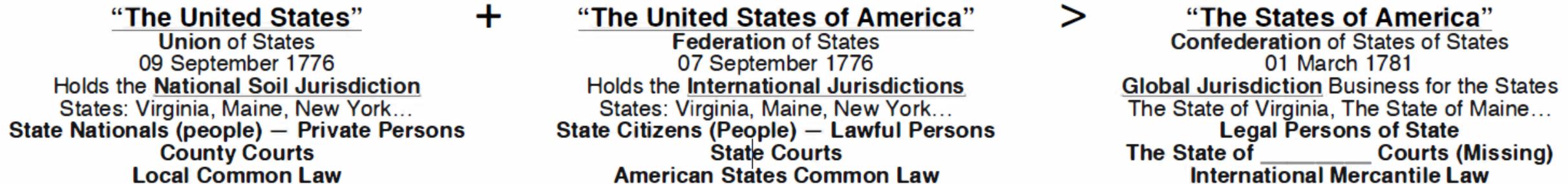
# A Metaphor of Capacities

- John, Cindy, Bob, Mary & George are members of the local Hot Air Balloon Club.
- John, Cindy, Bob, Mary & George are also members at Costco.
- The same 5 are also members of the local Baker's Association.
- The same 5 are also members of the Historical Buildings Institute.
- On Tuesday nights, they are acting in their capacity as Bakers.
- On Thursday nights, they are acting in their capacity as Balloon Pilots.
- It all depends on what they are talking about, the nature of the discussions, etc.



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**“The United States”**  
 Union of States  
 09 September 1776  
 Holds the **National Soil Jurisdiction**  
 States: Virginia, Maine, New York...  
**State Nationals (people) — Private Persons**  
 County Courts  
 Local Common Law

+

**“The United States of America”**  
 Federation of States  
 07 September 1776  
 Holds the **International Jurisdictions**  
 States: Virginia, Maine, New York...  
**State Citizens (People) — Lawful Persons**  
 State Courts  
 American States Common Law

>

**“The States of America”**  
 Confederation of States of States  
 01 March 1781  
**Global Jurisdiction Business for the States**  
 The State of Virginia, The State of Maine...  
**Legal Persons of State**  
 The State of \_\_\_\_\_ Courts (Missing)  
 International Mercantile Law

With the Flowchart of Authority, The Above is Separate From Below

\*\*\*\*\* **The Federal (Subcontractor) Government** \*\*\*\*\*

19 Enumerated Powers of our Sovereign Government were delegated to three (3) Service Companies below. Together, they formed the three branches of the Federal Government — a Federal, a Territorial, and a Municipal:

**Federal Republic (American)**  
 dba: the States of America 1787  
 Republican form of Government  
 Part of International Land and Sea Jurisdictions  
 The Constitution for the united States of America  
 “the” Georgia State, “the” Maine State...  
 Legal Persons - United States Citizens  
 “Vacant” Offices periodically filled by “Representatives”  
  
 This portion of “Federal” Government  
 has been “missing” since 1860  
  
 United States Statutes-at-Large and Organic Law  
 Published upon the **Congressional Record**  
 (International Land and Mercantile Law)  
 Postal Area Court

>

**Territorial Government (British) dba:**  
the United States of America 1789  
 Democracy  
 Part of International Sea Jurisdiction  
 The Constitution of the United States of America  
 “the” State of Georgia, “the” State of Maine...  
 Legal Persons – U.S. Citizens  
 Federal Military and Dependents  
  
 Part of Navy, Tariffs, and Trade Policies  
 Northern mercenaries in the Civil War  
  
 Federal Code and Statutory Law  
 Published upon the **Federal Register**  
 (Admiralty and Equity Law)  
 First Judicial District Court

>

**Municipal Government (Papist) dba:**  
“the” United States 1790  
 Plenary Oligarchy  
 Part of Global Air (Commerce) Jurisdiction  
 The Constitution of the United States  
 “the” STATE OF GEORGIA, “the” STATE OF...  
 Legal PERSONS – “citizens of the United States”  
 Federal Civil Service and Dependents  
  
 Washington, DC, Municipal Government  
 Southern mercenaries in the Civil War  
  
 Municipal Law and Uniform Commercial Code  
 Published as **Municipal Code and UCC**  
 (Roman Civil and UCC COMMERCIAL Law)  
 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT



# An Overview of The Land & Soil

part commercial contract

Government services contractor

**“The United States of America”**

Federation of States

17 September 1776

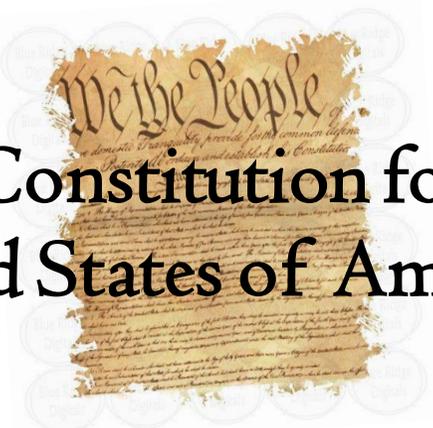
Holds the **International Jurisdictions**

States: Virginia, Maine, New York...

State Citizens (People) – Lawful Persons

State Courts

American States Common Law



## The Constitution for the united States of America

part trust indenture

**Federal Republic (American)**

aka. the States of America 1787

Republican form of Government

Part of International Land and Sea Jurisdictions

The Constitution for the united States of America

“the” Georgia State, “the” Maine State...

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(International Land and Mercantile Law)

Postal Area Court

**Trust management organization (TMO)**



# An Overview of The Land & Soil

Presumed to be in re-construction and not functioning

part commercial contract

Government services contractor

**Territorial Government (British) dba:**

the United States of America 1789  
Democracy

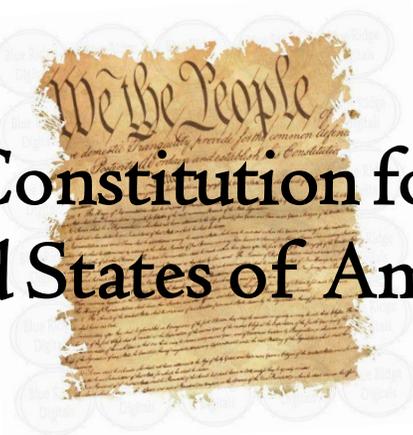
Part of International Sea Jurisdiction  
The Constitution of the United States of America  
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Legal Persons – U.S. Citizens  
Federal Military and Dependents

Part of Navy, Tariffs, and Trade Policies  
Northern mercenaries in the Civil War

Federal Code and Statutory Law  
Published upon the **Federal Register**  
(Admiralty and Equity Law)  
First Judicial District Court

Trust management organization (TMO)

The Constitution for the united States of America



part trust indenture

~~“The United States of America”~~

~~Federation of States  
07 September 1776~~

~~Holds the International Jurisdictions  
States: Virginia, Maine, New York...~~

~~State Citizens (People) – Lawful Persons  
State Courts~~

~~American States Common Law~~



# An Overview of The Land & Soil

Presumed to be in  
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part commercial contract

Government services  
contractor

**Municipal Government (Papist) dba:**

the "United States" 1790

Plenary Oligarchy

Part of Global Air (Commerce) Jurisdiction

The Constitution of the United States

"the" STATE OF GEORGIA, "the" STATE OF...

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Municipal Law and Uniform Commercial Code

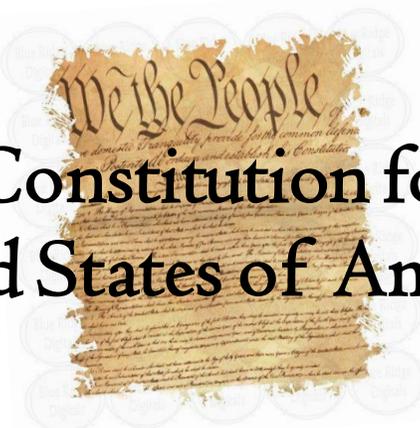
Published as **Municipal Code** and **UCC**

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

Trust management  
organization (TMO)

The Constitution for the  
united States of America



part trust indenture

~~"The United States of America"~~

~~Federation of States~~

~~07 September 1776~~

~~Holds the International Jurisdictions~~

~~States: Virginia, Maine, New York...~~

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~~State Courts~~

~~American States Common Law~~



# An Overview of The Land & Soil

Presumed to be in  
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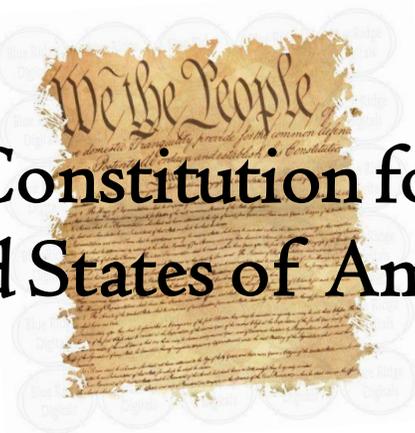
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~~American States Common Law~~

The Constitution for the  
united States of America



part trust indenture

United States aka “The Company”  
(chartered by Benjamin Franklin)

The United States of America, Inc.  
(chartered by Lincoln)

UNITED STATES. INC.

Trust management  
organization (TMO)



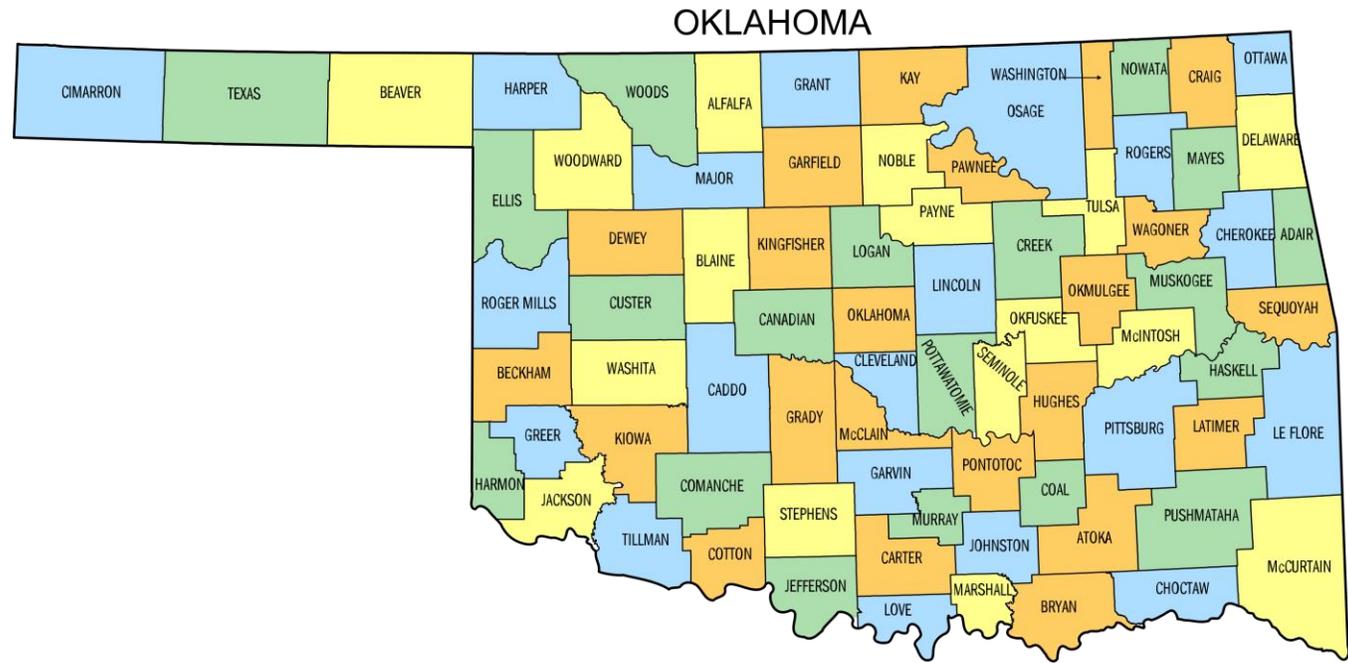
# An Overview of The Land & Soil

Questions



# The national soil jurisdiction

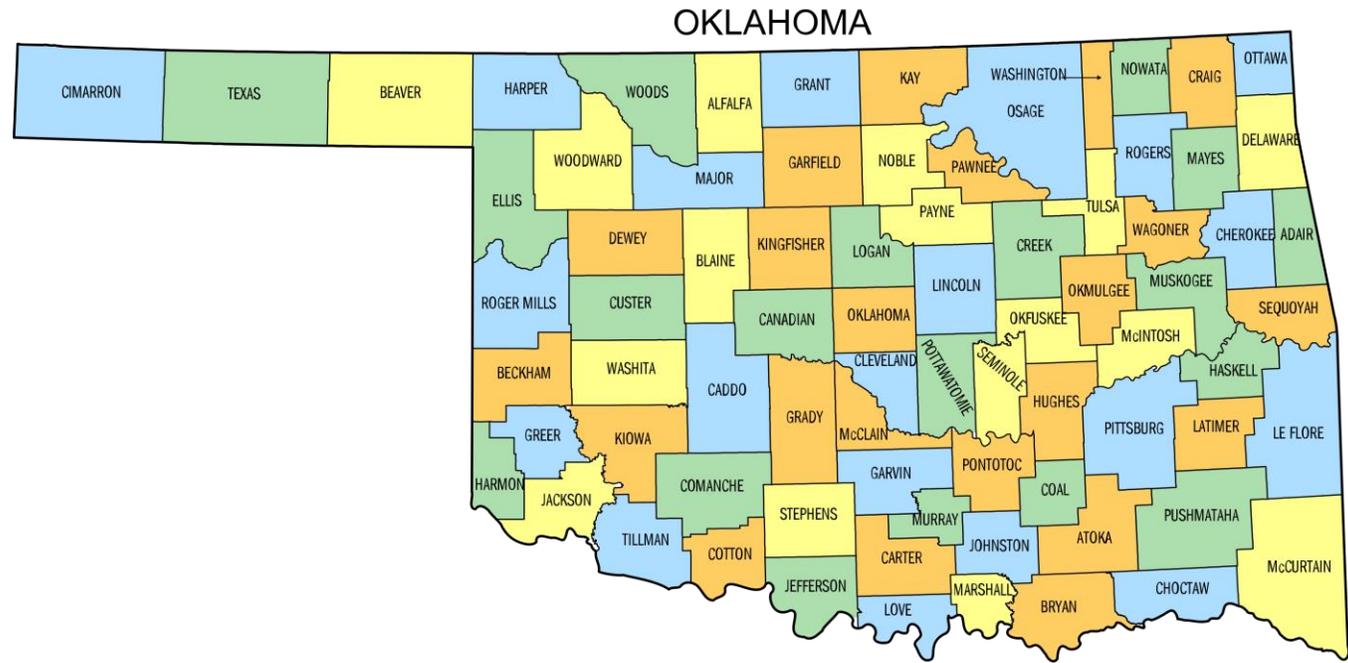
- There are 77 physically defined counties in Oklahoma; each controls the national jurisdiction of the soil.
- Taken together, these counties define the “embodiment” of the combined soil jurisdiction owed to our state of the Union.
- The small ‘s’ for the soil jurisdiction means we are talking about the state as a **nation-state**.





# The national soil jurisdiction

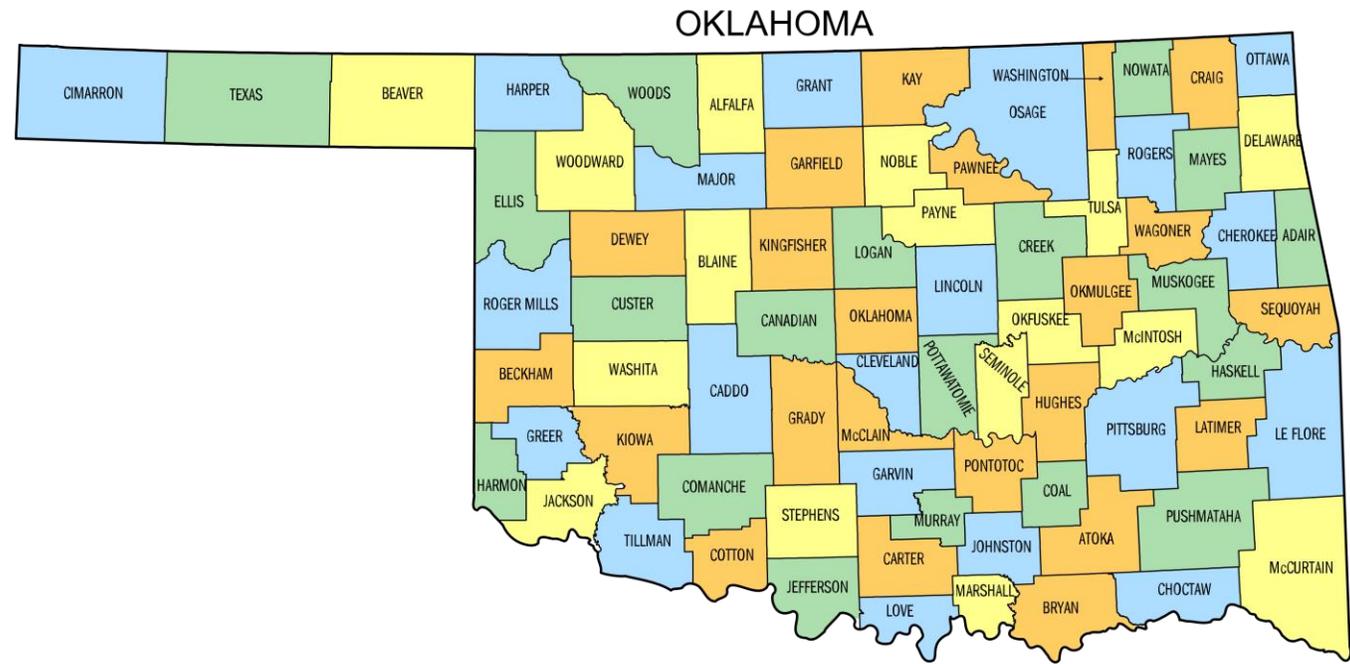
- Each county government is the supreme local authority and so, the county Sheriff (unincorporated) is the supreme elected peace keeping official.
- This supreme authority extends only within the physical borders of the county.
- Each county has its own State as an interface with other States and foreign countries in the International jurisdiction.





# The national soil jurisdiction

- This isolation of the superior soil jurisdiction of each county was created to protect them from foreign influence and to build a cohesive and defensible nation-state.
- Each county is cut off from the rest of the world.





# The national soil jurisdiction

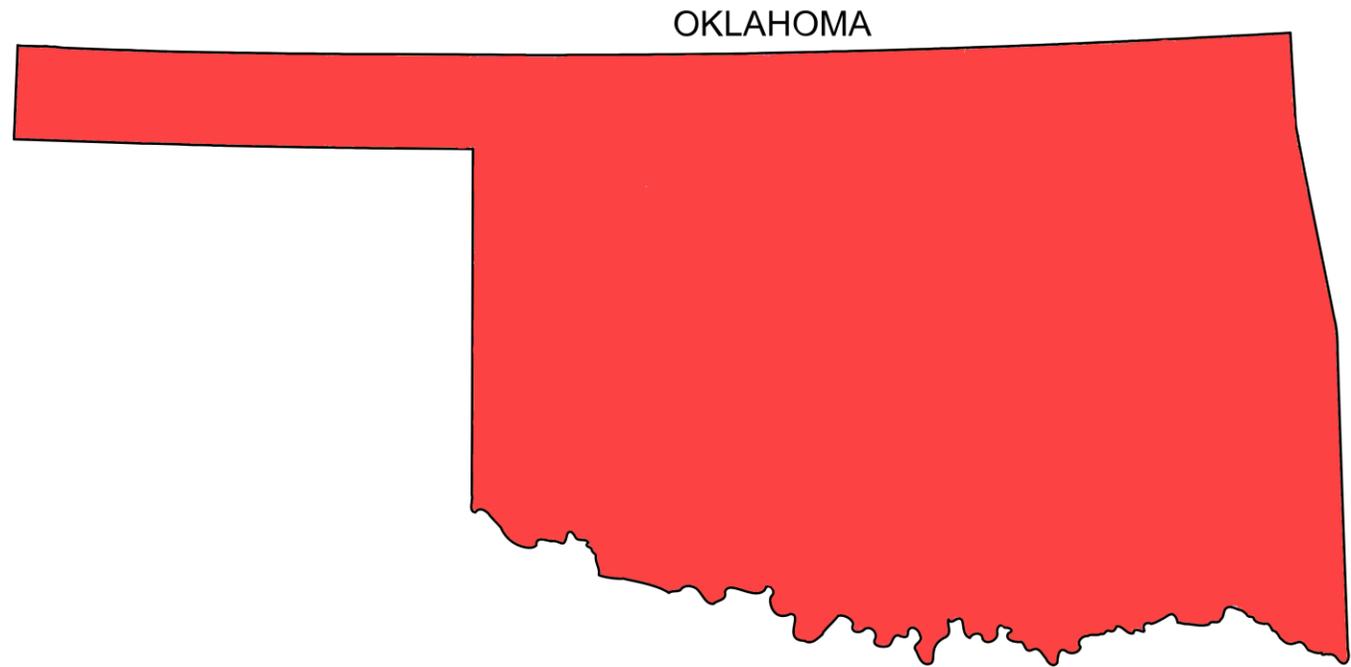
- Without this protection:
- Each county could split off and ally itself with any foreign government it chose,
- Our country would become a hodgepodge of over 3,000 disparate county nation-states,
- All functioning under different laws and warring with each other.





# The International Land jurisdiction

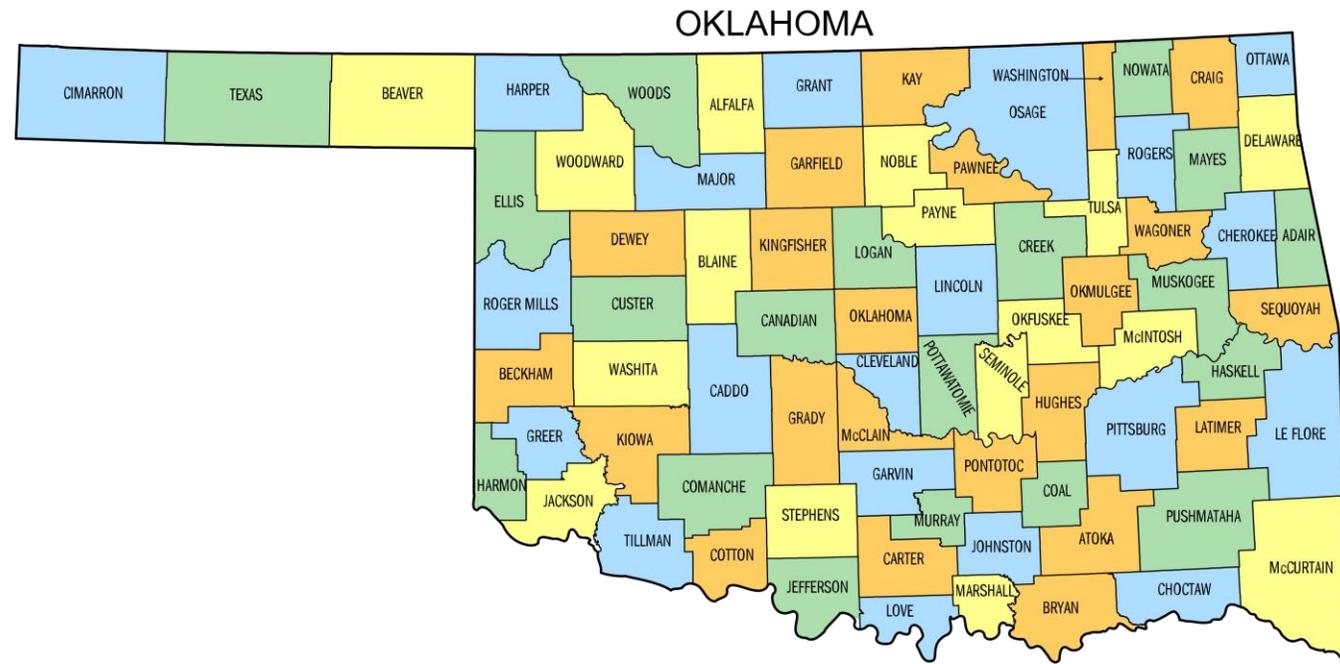
- This is the State of the Union.
- The State is set apart from the nation-state formed by the combined soil jurisdictions of the counties.
- The State level of government exists in the International Jurisdiction of the Land & Sea.
- It is inhabited by Lawful Persons and Legal Persons.





# The national soil jurisdiction

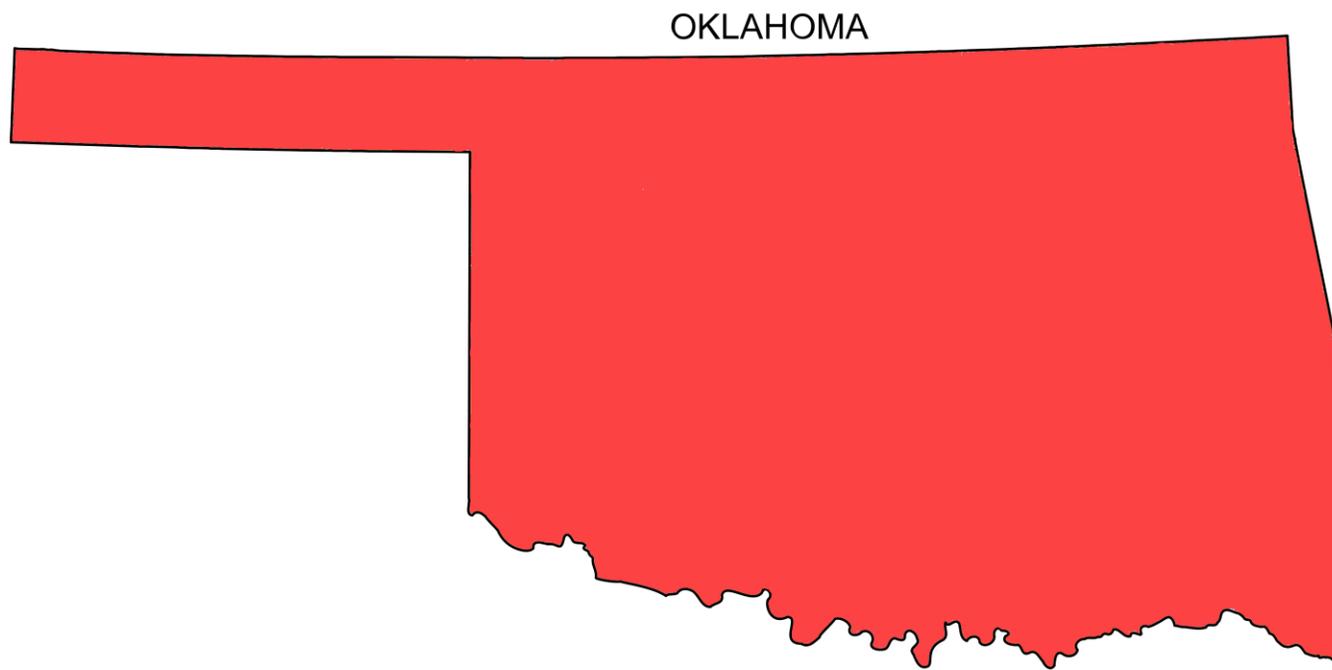
- The nation-state is comprised of 77 national soil jurisdiction counties.
- Jurisdiction: national soil
- From the surface to 6 inches below.
- Oklahomans operating as American State Nationals are people who populate the soil jurisdiction of Oklahoma.





# The International Land jurisdiction

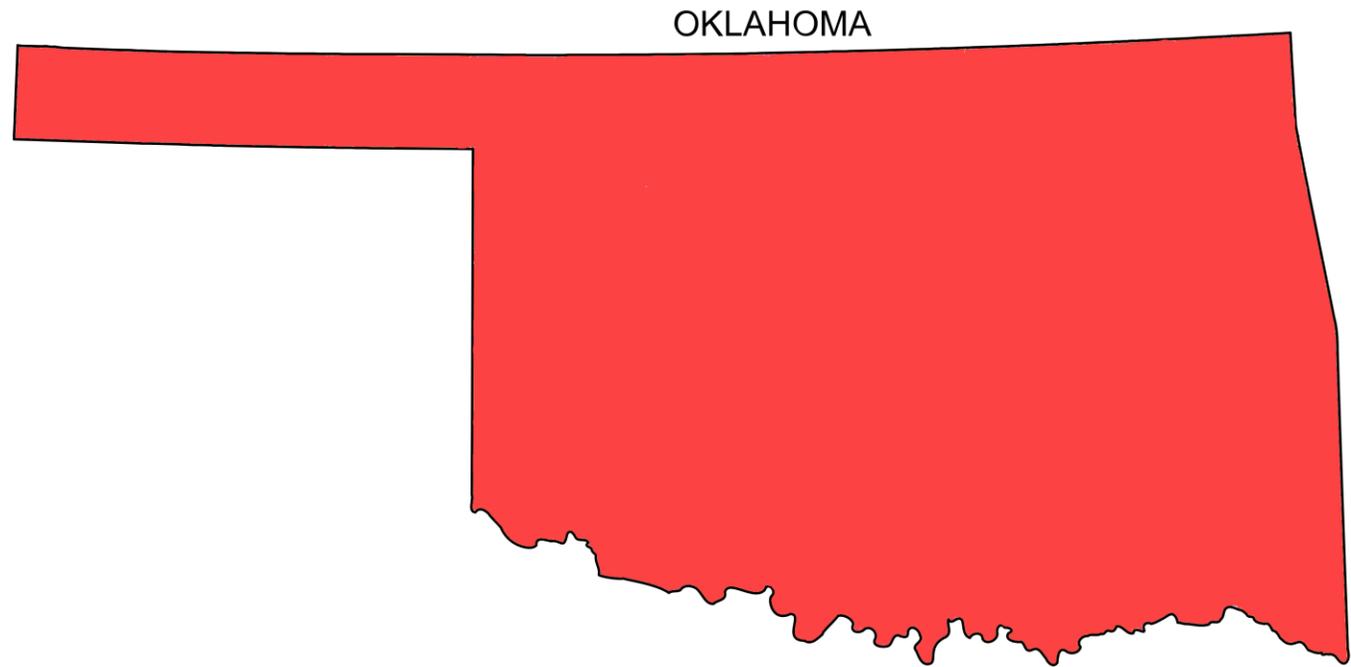
- The State of the Union
- Jurisdiction: International Land & Sea
- Extends from 6 inches under the surface, to the center of the earth.
- Oklahomans operating as American State Citizens are People – Lawful Persons – who control the International Land jurisdiction of Oklahoma.





# The International Land jurisdiction

- The International Jurisdiction
- Is where Oklahoma as a whole, acts as a physically defined State of the Union and interacts with the other States and other Countries; like Denmark, or Japan for example.





# The International Land jurisdiction

Questions



# Four Pillars of The State Assembly

- General Assembly
- International Business Assembly
- Jural Assembly
- Militia Assembly



# The General Assembly

- Comprised of both State Nationals and State Citizens
- Provides a discussion and decision forum for intra-state business.
- Acts as a “Committee of the Whole” to decide issues of general interest.
- Conducts elections
- Provides oversight for all Assembly functions.



# The General Assembly

- Generally speaking, it is a public meeting.
- If the General Assembly wishes to conduct any private or sensitive intrastate business;
  - Divide the agenda and close that portion of the meeting to include only State Nationals and State Citizens.
- All State Nationals and State Citizens must be allowed to attend all General Assembly meetings.



# The General Assembly

- Regular Assembly meetings are scheduled and posted in advance.
- Adoption of Rules of Order for the conduct of meetings is highly encouraged.
- Publication of an Agenda at least a week prior to all regularly scheduled meetings is also highly recommended.



# The General Assembly - Subcommittees

- **General Education** – produces educational materials and programs for the General Membership and Public.
- **New Member Orientation** – provides support and educational guidance for New Members to overcome prior indoctrination and fear and dependency issues.
- **Events Committee** – plans & executes events, meetings, and elections set up.
- **Records Committee** – assists and oversees Recording Secretaries.



# The General Assembly - Subcommittees

- **Treasury Committee** – assists and oversees Treasury functions.
- **Oversight Committee** – provides general oversight and forum for complaints.
- **Ombudsman Committee** – provides conflict resolution and arbitration Services.
- **Vetting Committee** – approves membership and reviews candidate eligibility.



# The General Assembly - Subcommittees

- **General Elections Committee** – handles notices and candidate publications, sets dates, promotes participation in elections, provides ballots, poll watchers, and ballot security.
- **Office of the Marshal at Arms** – ensures safety and decorum at all meetings and events; caretakes the flag, works with the Elections Committee to secure ballots.



# The International Business Assembly

- Composed entirely of State Citizens.
- Conducts the International (Land) and Interstate business of the Assembly.
- The State Citizen status is required to be “set apart” to have no allegiance or connection whatsoever with any other foreign nation or entity (i.e. the UNITED STATES, INC), and records additional paperwork to verify this to be true.
- This exclusive allegiance to Oklahoma is necessary to have standing to vote on International and Interstate business.



# The International Business Assembly

- Business Assembly meetings are relatively rare events at first, but become increasingly important going forward, especially as the State of Oklahoma Unincorporated is established.
- The unincorporated “The State of Oklahoma”, is a member of the Confederation of State of States; which today is being impersonated by the British Territorial incorporated “the State of Oklahoma”
  - (Dunn & Bradstreet # 05041172)
- The Business Assembly receives its direction from the General Assembly.



**“The United States”**  
 Union of States  
 09 September 1776  
 Holds the **National Soil Jurisdiction**  
 States: Virginia, Maine, New York...  
**State Nationals (people) — Private Persons**  
**County Courts**  
**Local Common Law**

**+** **“The United States of America”**  
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**>** **“The States of America”**  
 Federation of States of States  
**The State of Oklahoma**  
**un-incorporated**  
*operated by the Business Assembly*

With the Flowchart of Authority, The Above is Separate From Below

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 “the” State of Georgia, “the” State of Maine...  
 Legal Persons – U.S. Citizens  
 Federal Military and Police

**“the State of Oklahoma”, Inc.**  
**DUNS # 050411726**  
*Franchise of the United States, Inc.*

(Common Law and Equity Law)  
 First Judicial District Court

**>** **Municipal Government (Papist) dba:**  
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 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT



# The Business Assembly - Subcommittees

- **International Education and Security Committee** – reads and assesses international and global news and trends, keeps up with the security issues and concerns, is briefed on international issues impacting the States of the Union, may make presentations and recommendations to the General Assembly.
- **Congressional Committee** – vets candidates for the Congressional offices in The Continental Congress and once the Reconstruction is complete, will also vet candidates for the United States Congressional Delegation, will receive nominations, publish election notices, conduct elections for these offices, provide ballots, and secure and announce the election results.



# The Jural Assembly

- **Pragmatically, populating our courts is the most urgent task.**
- Provides court services and oversees the Grand Jury, Trial Juries, Officers and functions of the courts.
- Populated by State Citizens, whose allegiance is exclusively to Oklahoma.
- Jural Assembly meetings are special meetings organized by the active members of the Jural Assembly,
- all of whom are Qualified Jurors, able to serve on both the Grand Jury and Trial Juries or officers of the courts.



# The Jural Assembly - Subcommittees

- **Court Venue Committee** – seeks accommodations for the Courts to hold Session, negotiates use of our public buildings for this purpose, serves Notice that our Public Courts are restored, invokes **Ex Parte Milligan, 2 US 71.\*\***
- **Law Education Committee** – evaluates educational opportunities to familiarize members of the Assembly about our Public Law and its administration past and present.



# The Jural Assembly - Subcommittees

## **\*\*Mulligan Ex Parte:**

“When you have elected your own American Common Law Court at the county level, they can no longer “process” anyone claiming their natural “State National” status in that county. When you get your State level American Common Law Courts set up, they can no longer “process” anyone at the “State” level, either. For them, the game is over, because millions upon millions of Americans will seize back their purloined identities and their property and these “federal franchise” courts will be reduced back to hearing actual maritime cases and dealing exclusively with legitimate “Federal Citizens.” ”

*Anna Von Reitz, Article #198, Where Does Law Come From?*



# The Jural Assembly - Subcommittees

- **Jury Pool Committee** – develops pools of competent and eligible Jurors to serve on both Trial Juries and Grand Juries, administers selection of Jurors, reimbursement of expenses, and other issues related to maintaining and caring for Jurors.



# The Jural Assembly - Subcommittees

- **Court Oversight Committee** – provides necessary oversight of the Public Court System and its operations to ensure fairness and proper procedures, investigates claims of malfeasance, incompetence, or bias.
- **Sheriffs Committee** – works with the County Sheriffs to evaluate and bring forward the concerns of the Assembly County Sheriffs to better assist them in the performance of their duties.



# The Jural Assembly - Subcommittees

- **Coroner's Office Committee** – takes on the oversight functions for the Coroner's Office, investigates complaints and works with the Coroner and staff to improve their service and capabilities, record keeping, and end of life services.
- **Litigation Committee** – works with Assembly Members who have active litigation concerns to assist them with asserting their position with respect to the foreign courts and educating them to avoid entrapment.



# The Militia Special Purpose Assembly

- All able-bodied members of the Assembly between the ages of 21 and 65 are expected to actively support the militia in one way or another as:
  - Active militia.
  - Support.
  - Supply.
  - Communications.
  - Administrative positions.
- Assembly Militias often meet before or after General Assembly meetings, but many also maintain a weekend schedule for training and to conduct exercises and business unique to the militia.



# The Militia Special Purpose Committees

- **Membership Committee** – evaluates candidates and vets them for specific jobs within the Assembly Militia, seeks to encourage:
  - participation in the Militia,
  - understanding of the Militia’s role,
  - and support of the Militia’s functions.
- **Provisions Committee** – acts as the Quartermaster for the Militia, evaluates needs and means to meet those needs for equipment and other provisions needed to carry out Militia duties.



# The Militia Special Purpose Committees

- **Education Committee** – develops tests and educational materials and programs to train Militia members.



# The Militia Special Purpose Committees

- **Operations Committee**
  - develops short and long-term goals for the State Assembly Militia.
  - creates plans to implement projects and goals.
  - evaluates Militia readiness.
  - acts as oversight for the Militia.



# The Militia Special Purpose Committees

- **Operations Committee**

- works with the Ombudsman's Office to resolve complaints related to the Militia and Militia Service.
- works with the Peacekeeping Task Force to coordinate joint operations, when appropriate, with Constitutional Sheriffs and with Continental Marshals Service personnel.



# How to Stand up a State Assembly

- Summoning Authority calls States into Session
  - This was completed by James Bel-Cher, hereditary head of state of the Federation of States; the “holding company” of the international powers of each International Land jurisdiction State.
- Volunteers from the States step forward and do their paperwork.
- Volunteers are vetted as Coordinators and begin organizing the work to be done.
- Assemblies are populated.



# How to Stand up a State Assembly

- General Assembly is established.
- International Business Assembly is established.
- **Jural Assembly and Courts are established.**
- Assembly Militia is populated and organized.



# How to Stand up a State Assembly

- Election of Session Officers and Officials.
- Training and Transition for Officers
- Training and Transition for Officials.
- Assembly Process Complete – Coordinator position sunsets.



# How to Stand up a State Assembly

Questions

## American State National

(1) An **American State National** is either: (1) naturally born on the land and soil of an American State, such as Wisconsin, or (2) after being naturalized as a United States Citizen, is a foreign-born man or woman who voluntarily accepts and publishes their adoption of a specific American State as their permanent home and domicile. A State National is not acting as a citizen of any government and owes no obligations to government beyond keeping the peace and reporting crimes. As a completely unincorporated Person, a State National is sovereign and private and generally immune from prosecution until and unless they take some action that causes actual physical harm to someone else or someone else's property, whereupon they are subject to the Common Law of the County and State where they live or where the alleged crime is committed. A State National can be arrested for cause by peacekeeping officials, but is not generally subject to private courts or to arrest by private law enforcement officers. By definition, a State National is a civilian and an Internationally Protected Person and is owed The Law of Peace. A State National may be elected to Public Office, whereupon they become subject to their Oath or Affirmation of Office for the duration of their term in office. State Nationals are the "people" of each State and populate the National Soil Jurisdiction.

## State Citizen

(2) **State Citizens** are State Nationals who undertake the obligations of Self-Governance in behalf of the State of the Union where they live. They occupy basic Offices of the State Government, most commonly volunteering to act as Jurors to serve the Jury Pools of both the Grand and Trial Juries of their State and County Courts. Both State Nationals and State Citizens can take part in Public Elections and may serve as Electors. If deputized or elected to office, State Nationals assume State Citizenship for the duration of their service. State Citizens occupy State and County Public Offices, acting as State Justices, local Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Peacekeeping Deputies, Coroners, Recorders, and other Public Offices, either paid or unpaid. Members of the State Militia are all State Citizens while actively engaged in militia activities. A State Citizen cannot adopt any other form of citizenship while serving as a State Citizen. All State Assembly officers and elected delegates of the State Assemblies are State Citizens. State Citizens are the "People" of their State and the Parties enabled to enforce the Constitutions directly and indirectly through their State's membership in the Federation of States known as The United States of America and the Union known as The United States.

## Federal United States Citizen

3. **Federal Citizens** — True Federal Citizens are called United States Citizens and they are considered, while employed by the Federal Government, to be Dual Citizens of their State and work directly for and are commissioned by The United States of America, the unincorporated Federation of States in control of the International Land Jurisdiction of this country and the non-delegated powers owed to the States in the International Jurisdiction of the Sea [Amendment X]. Federal Marshals, now called Continental Marshals, are civilian peacekeeping officers who work within Multi-State Federal Postal District Service Areas. Federal Postal District Courts are also staffed by United States Citizens. They are all Federation Employees and they enforce the Constitutions and the United States Statutes-at-Large and Public Laws as published on the Congressional Record. Post Masters are another example of land jurisdiction United States Citizens. The members of the Coast Guard and Border Patrols are also technically United States Citizens.

## Territorial United States Citizen

(4.) **Territorial United States Citizens** are called U.S. Citizens to distinguish between them and United States Citizens. Territorial Citizens are now commonly Dual Citizens of the British Commonwealth and the Municipal United States, though they may opt to claim citizenship from another country entirely. They work out of the District of Columbia to enforce U.S. Statutes that are published on the Federal Register and to perform military and quasi-military and military support duties. The U.S. Marshals are private law enforcement officers hired to police the delegated portions of our international (interstate) jurisdiction. Postmasters are U.S. Citizens, as are members of the U.S. Military Services and their Dependents. These people work for the British Territorial United States Government doing business as "the" United States of America and they exercise some of our delegated powers, especially within the International Jurisdiction of the Sea. While in this status, Americans are not Party to the Constitutions and have no Constitutional Guarantees. Shysters like to pretend that we are voluntarily adopting this political status in order to better evade their constitutional duties and the guarantees owed to us. (

## Municipal Citizen of the United States

(5) **Municipal United States Citizens** — are known as "citizens of the United States" and as "US CITIZENS" and include the members of the Federal Civil Service, and officers of the actual Municipal Corporation and its franchises and subcontractors which include the so-called Federal Agencies. These are all employees or dependents of the oligarchic Papist Municipal Government of Washington, DC and the District of Columbia and its STATE OF STATE subsidiaries and they basically work to enforce global commercial law and "federal" regulations. They are Dual Citizens of the Territorial United States [the District of Columbia and Insular States], and "the" United States which is meant to be an instrumentality of and doing business "as" name of the Union of States, but has been usurped and operated under the UNITED STATES CONGRESS as an instrumentality and doing business "as" name of the Municipality of Washington, DC and its Congressional Oligarchy allowed at Article I, Section 8, Clause 17. Shysters like to pretend that we are voluntarily adopting this political status, too, in order to evade their duties to us owed under the Constitutions and to promote various crimes against our assets and Persons.





# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State National**

- Naturally born on the Land & soil of an American State.
- Or a foreign born man or woman, who after being naturalized as a US Citizen, accepts and publishes their adoption of an American State.
- Completely unincorporated Lawful Person (not a Legal Person)
- Not acting as a citizen of any government, and owes no obligation to government beyond keeping the peace and reporting crimes.
- Only the 4-pager 1779 Declaration is required to operate in the General Assembly and the Militia as an American State National.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State National**

- Remains a State national until the age of 21; at which point they can choose to accept the duty and obligation of serving as a State Citizen.
- Sovereign and private and generally immune from prosecution unless they have committed a crime:
- A Crime, according to the doctrine of “Corpus Delicti” or “Body of Evidence”:
  - Harming someone
  - Depriving someone of their rights.
  - Depriving someone of their private property.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State National**

- By definition a civilian and Internationally Protected Person.
- Is owed the Law of Peace per Army Pamphlet 27-161-1.
- May be elected to Public Office (serving in the capacity of State Citizen)
  - Whereupon they become subject to their Oath or Affirmation of Office for the duration of their term in office
- State Nationals are the “people” of each state and populate the National Soil Jurisdiction. Nationalities are: Oklahomans, Texans, New Yorkers, etc.
- Cannot serve in the Jural Assembly or Business Assembly as an ASN.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State Citizen**

- State Citizens are State Nationals who have volunteered to accept the obligations of self-governance in behalf of their State of the Union.
- State Citizens are the “People” of their State and the Parties enabled to enforce the Constitutions directly and indirectly in through:
  - their State’s membership in the **Federation of States** known as **The United States of America**,
  - and the **Union** known as **The United States**.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State Citizen**

- When we reach the age of 21, we can accept the responsibility and obligations involved to become eligible to act as Citizens of our State of the Union.
- State Citizens must be free to make decisions impacting their State and its relations with other Nations and States in the International jurisdiction.
- This means having a clear mind and open conscience, unaffected by mixed loyalties to any other master, or foreign Nation or foreign State.
- For this reason, State Citizens must record additional paperwork in order to demonstrate their single allegiance to their State of the Union.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State Citizen**

- Both State Nationals and State Citizens can take part in Public Elections and may serve as Electors.
- If deputized or elected to office, State Nationals assume State Citizenship for the duration of their service.
- State Citizens occupy State and County Public Offices, acting as:



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State Citizen**

- State Citizens occupy State and County Public Offices, acting as:
  - State Justices
  - Local Justices of the Peace
  - Sheriffs
  - Peacekeeping Deputies
  - Coroners
  - Other public offices paid or unpaid.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

## **American State Citizen**

- **Note:** The word citizen always implies an obligation to serve some form of government.
- **Note:** The commonly used term “American Citizen” is not an actual political status. It is a misnomer. You cannot be an American and a Citizen at the same time; in the same way that you cannot be Sovereign and a Citizen at the same time.



# Political Statuses of the Land & Soil

Questions



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

## **What does my paperwork accomplish?**

- The 4-pager 1779 Declaration:
  - Is the minimum document required for State National Status.
  - Claims ownership of all your vessels from the moment you zygote formed.
  - Claims all your DNA material as your own.
  - Declares your political status and the state you were born in.
  - Rejects & removes all prior presumed Powers of Attorney.
  - Rejects and renounces all and any allegiance to an king, prince, foreign state, foreign government (USA, Inc.), flag or thing.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

## What does my paperwork accomplish?

- The 4-pager 1779 Declaration:
  - Declares that you have never knowingly or willingly or voluntarily pledged yourself to any incorporated entity, or church, synagogue, mosque, temple, etc.
  - Declares that you have never knowingly or willingly or voluntarily pledged yourself to any foreign sovereign or separated yourself from your birthright political status -- *the State National status*.
  - Declares that your house is established in an Oklahoma county and that no other presumption or impersonation is allowed.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

## **What does my paperwork accomplish?**

- The 4-pager 1779 Declaration:
  - Declares that you are the lawful inheritor, Landlord, Keeper and Guardian of the Rightful and Lawful Government of this country, acting with Full Right Authority Responsibility and Honor.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- Deed of Reconveyance
  - Accepts and reconveys your given lawful Trade Name, (estate/legal vessel) John Mark Doe from the Sea Jurisdiction, to the Land & Soil of your native state.
  - Together with all derivative names:
    - John Doe
    - JOHN MARK DOE
    - J. M. DOE
    - John M. Doe
    - JOHN M. DOE
    - Etc.
    - J.M. Doe
    - JOHN DOE



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- Deed of Reconveyance
  - Revokes all prior presumed Powers of Attorney, or granted Executorships or Guardianships and Agency relationships
  - Effective at your natural birthday
  - You elect to be the sole living owner, executor, beneficiary and agent of your name and estate since your 21<sup>st</sup> birthday.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- Certificate of Assumed Name
  - Claims all rights and interest in additional names you have gone by and permanently domiciles them on the land and soil of your native state.
  - Also claims those names in the Admiralty and Maritime jurisdictions.
    - On the Land, the Trade Name, “John Paul Smith” is un-incorporated.
    - Admiralty: the “John Paul Smith” Foreign Situs Trust is considered “corporate”.
    - Maritime: the JOHN PAUL SMITH CQV Trust is “incorporated” in commerce.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- Cancellation of All Prior Powers of Attorney
  - Removes, cancels and permanently revokes all prior Powers of Attorney granted by you.
  - Establishes you as the Attorney-in-Fact for all purposes related to the administration of your estates and lists an address for all correspondence.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- **Act of Expatriation and Oath of Allegiance**
  - Establishes that you are a naturalized “citizen of the United States”, and that such citizenship was entered into without full disclosure.
  - Declares that you now do renounce all citizenship or other assumed political status with the United States.
  - that you are repatriating to the State of your birth.
  - That you are affirming your allegiance to that same organic state.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

- Act of Expatriation and Oath of Allegiance
  - that you are accepting and reclaiming your true nationality:
  - As an American State National, and as an American State Vessel;
  - in all international trade and commerce, operated by you.



# Purpose & Function of Paperwork

Questions